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participation, or prohibitions or limitations of access to services imposed by bank clearing agencies shall be conducted according to the procedures set forth in rules adopted by the Commission (17 CFR 240.19d–3). References to the "Commission" in 17 CFR 240.19d–3 are deemed to refer to the "Corporation."

Subpart T—Program Fraud Civil Remedies and Procedures

SOURCE: 66 FR 9189, Feb. 7, 2001, unless otherwise noted

$\S 308.500$ Basis, purpose, and scope.

- (a) Basis. This subpart implements the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act, Pub. L. 99-509, sections 6101-6104, 100 Stat. 1874 (October 21, 1986), codified at 31 U.S.C. 3801-3812, (PFCRA) and made applicable to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) by section 23 of the Resolution Trust Corporation Completion Act (Pub. L. 103-204, 107 Stat. 2369). 31 U.S.C. 3809 of the statute requires each Authority head to promulgate regulations necessary to implement the provisions of the statute.
 - (b) Purpose. This subpart:
- (1) Establishes administrative procedures for imposing civil penalties and assessments against persons who make, submit, or present or cause to be made, submitted, or presented false, fictitious, or fraudulent claims or written statements to the FDIC or to its agents; and
- (2) Specifies the hearing and appeal rights of persons subject to allegations of liability for such penalties and assessments.
- (c) Scope. This subpart applies only to persons who make, submit, or present or cause to be made, submitted, or presented false, fictitious, or fraudulent claims or written statements to the FDIC or to its agents acting on behalf of the FDIC in connection with FDIC employment matters, FDIC contracting activities, and the FDIC Asset Purchaser Certification Program. It does not apply to false claims or statements made in connection with programs (other than as set forth in the preceding sentence) related to the FDIC's regulatory, supervision, enforcement, insurance, receivership or

liquidation responsibilities. The FDIC is restricting the scope of applicability of this subpart because other civil and administrative remedies are adequate to redress fraud in the areas not covered.

§ 308.501 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart:

- (a) Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) means the presiding officer appointed by the Office of Financial Institution Adjudication pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1818 note and 5 U.S.C. 3105.
- (b) Authority means the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).
- (c) Authority head or Board means the Board of Directors of the FDIC, which is herein designated by the Chairman of the FDIC to serve as head of the FDIC for PFCRA matters.
- (d) Benefit means, in the context of "statement" as defined in 31 U.S.C. 3801(a)(9), any financial assistance received from the FDIC that amounts to \$150,000 or less. The term does not include the FDIC's deposit insurance program.
- (e) Claim means any request, demand, or submission:
- (1) Made to the FDIC for property, services, or money (including money representing grants, loans, insurance, or benefits);
- (2) Made to a recipient of property, services, or money from the FDIC or to a party to a contract with the FDIC;
- (i) For property or services if the United States:
- (A) Provided such property or services;
- (B) Provided any portion of the funds for the purchase of such property or services; or
- (C) Will reimburse such recipient or party for the purchase of such property or services:
- (ii) For the payment of money (including money representing grants, loans, insurance, or benefits) if the United States:
- (A) Provided any portion of the money requested or demanded; or
- (B) Will reimburse such recipient or party for any portion of the money paid on such request or demand; or
- (3) Made to the FDIC that has the effect of decreasing an obligation to pay